

Ovlivňuje vitamín K kalcifikaci cév?

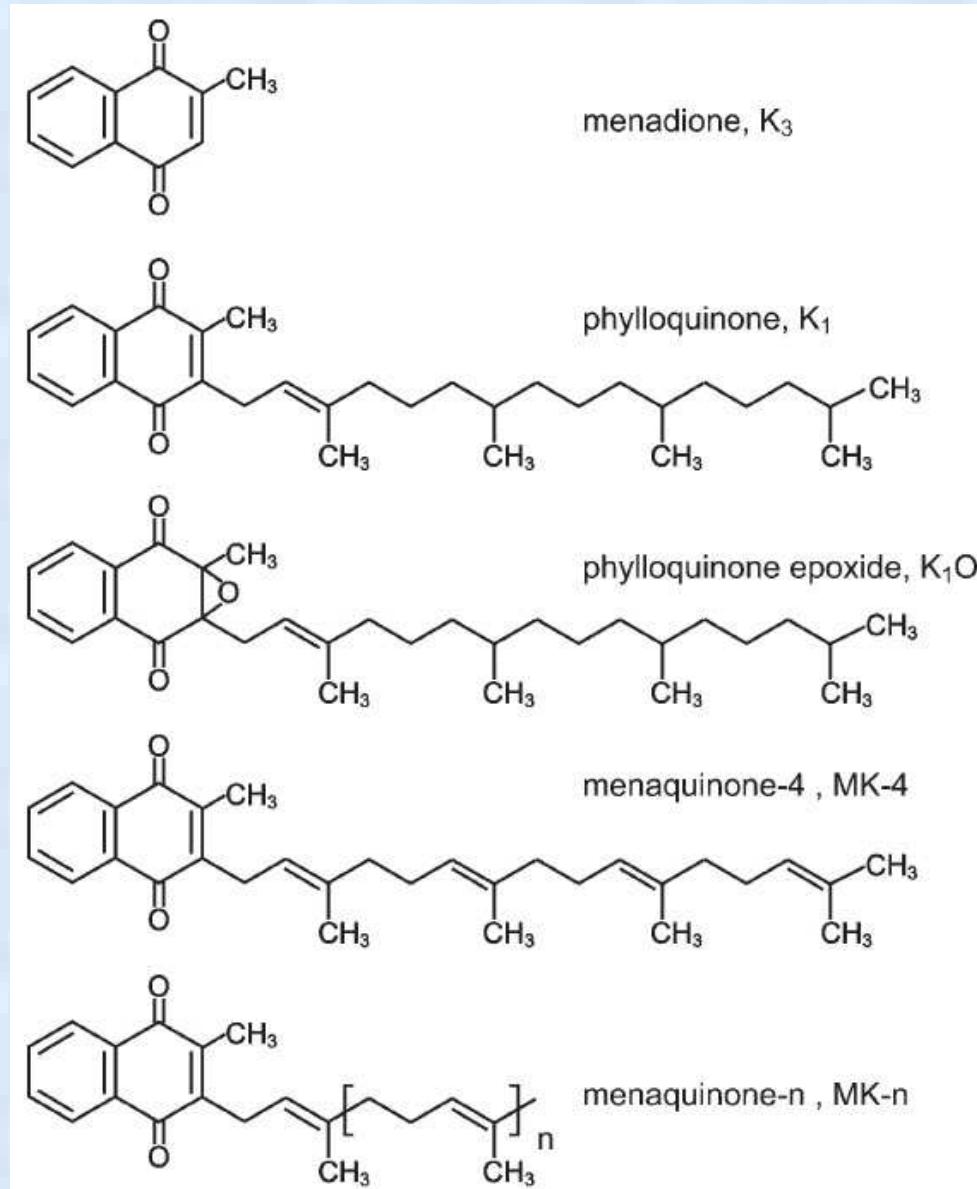


Revmatologický ústav

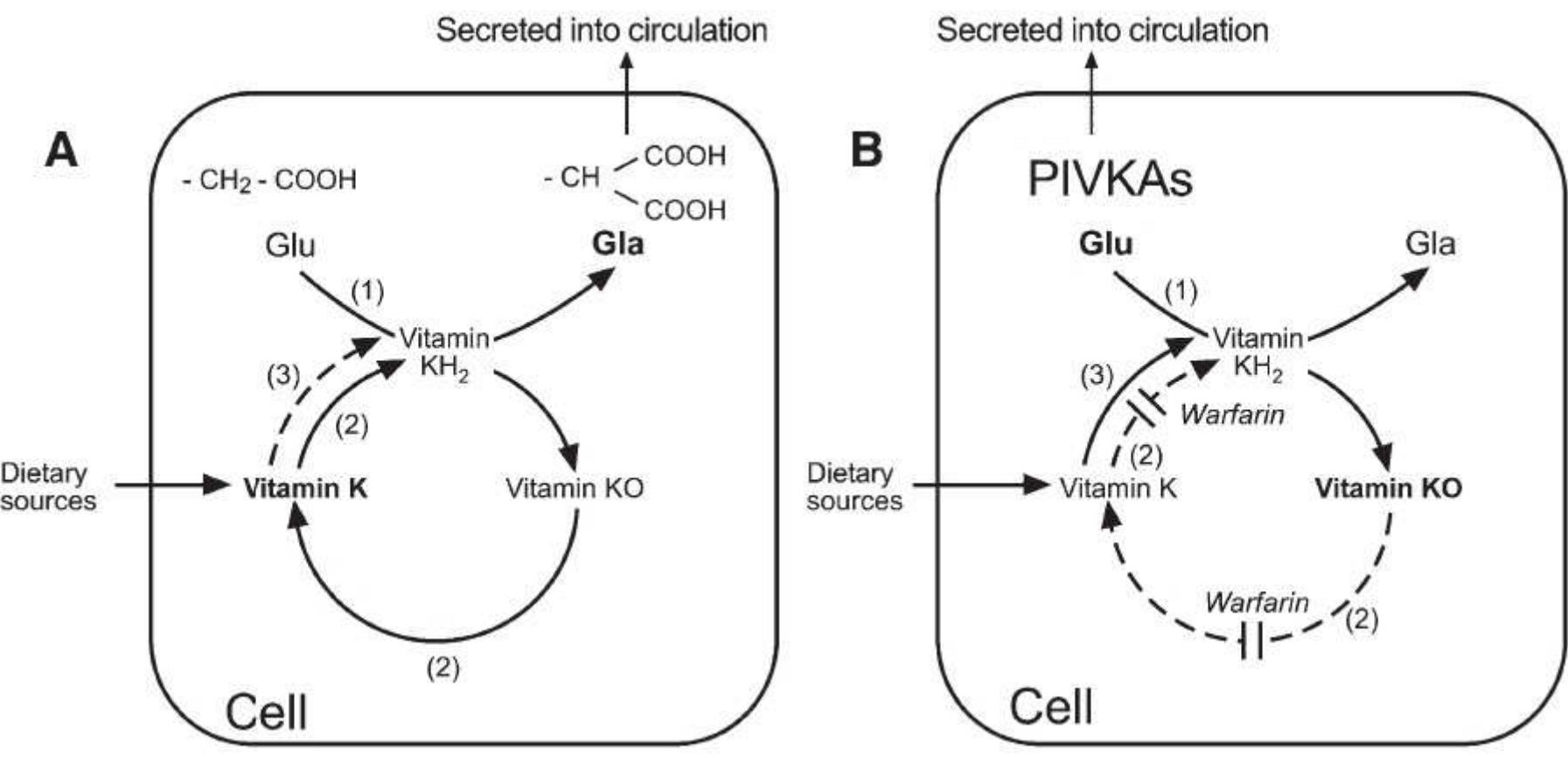
László Wenchich

Karl.Studánka, 14.12.2018

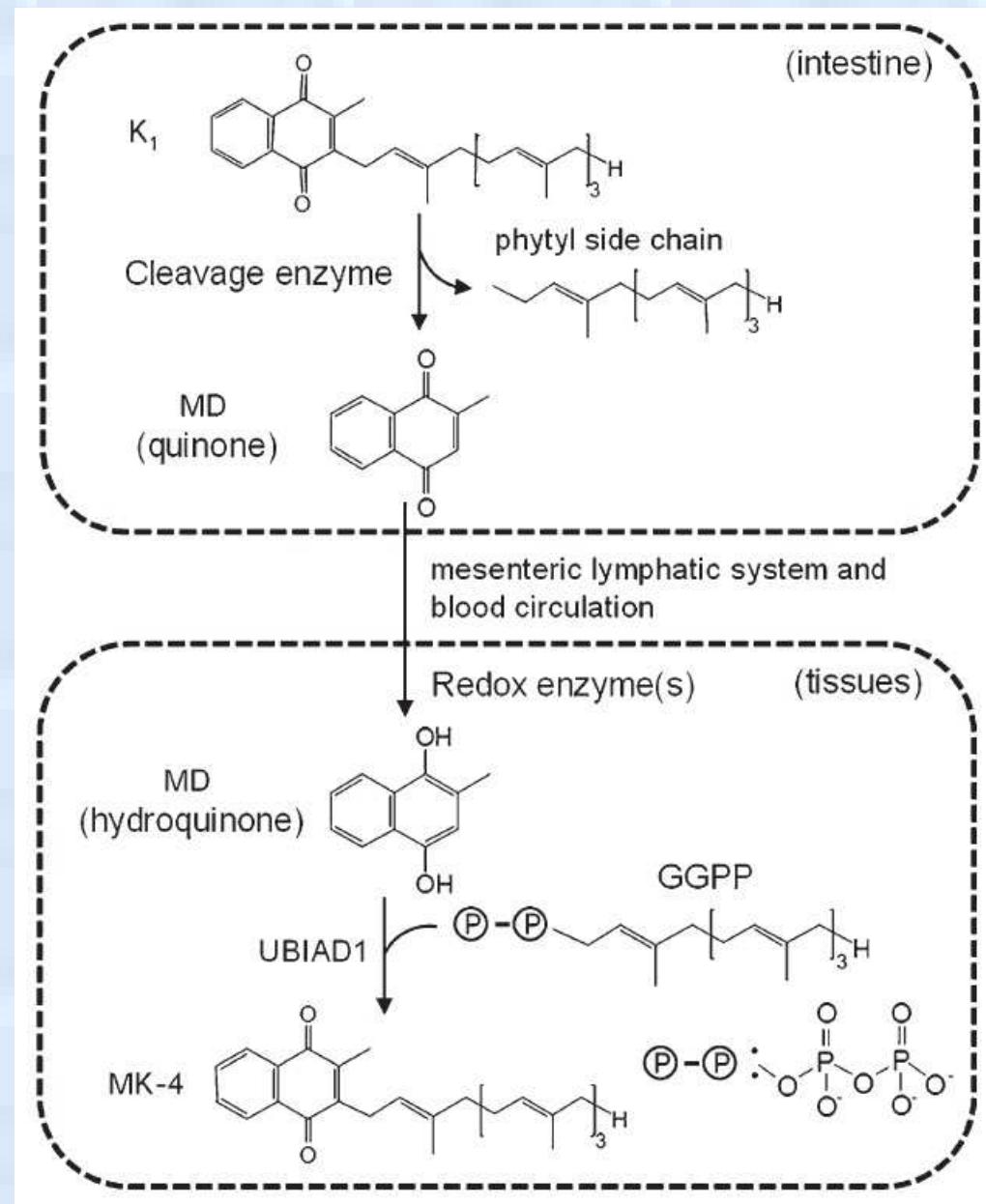
Vitamín K



Vitamín K



Vitamín K



Shearer MJ et al. 2014

Vitamín K

Vitamín K dependentní proteiny:

Koagulační faktory – f. II, VII, IX, X, protein C, protein S a protein Z

Ostekalcín

MGP – matrix Gla protein

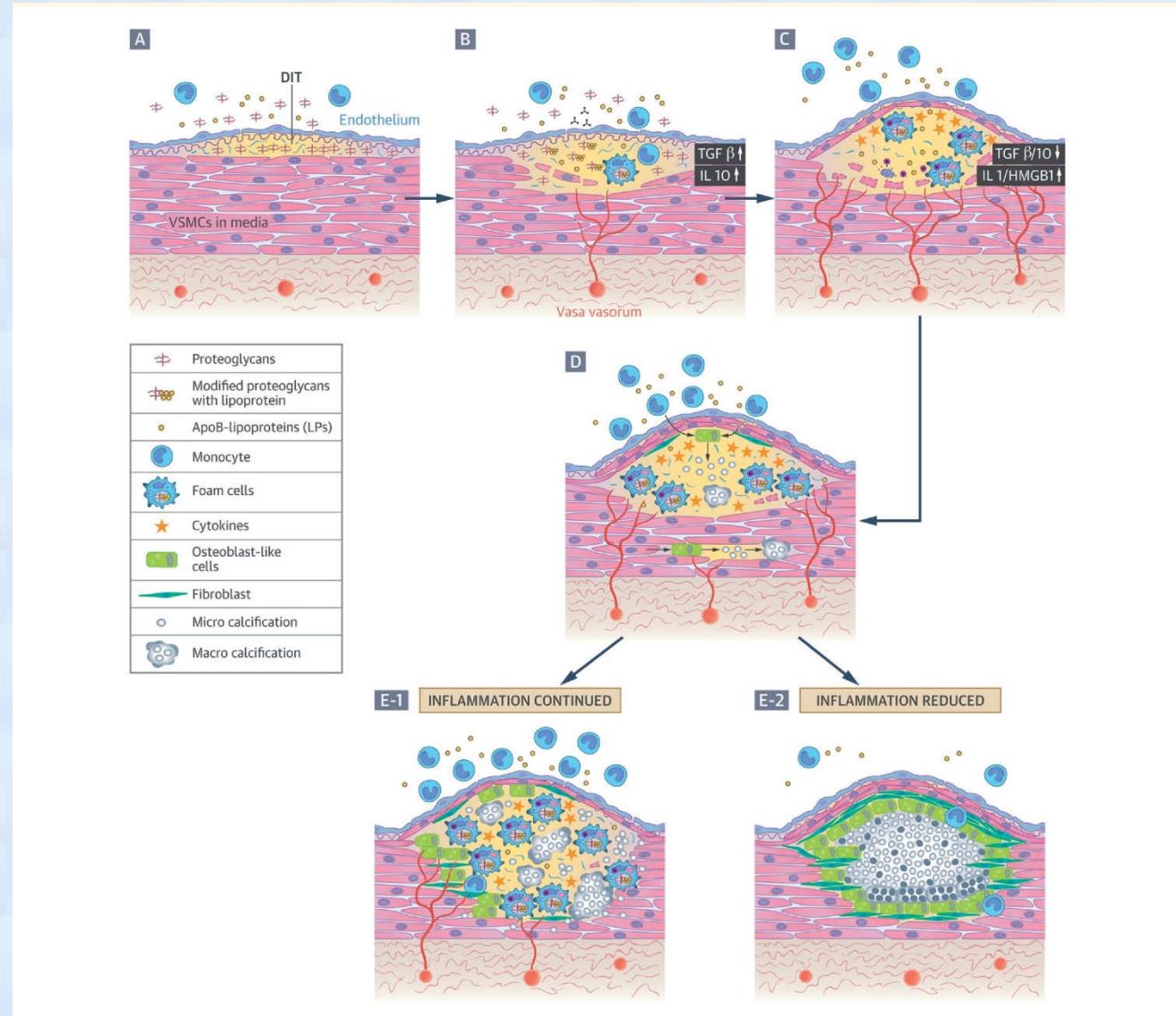
Osteopontín

GRP – Gla rich protein

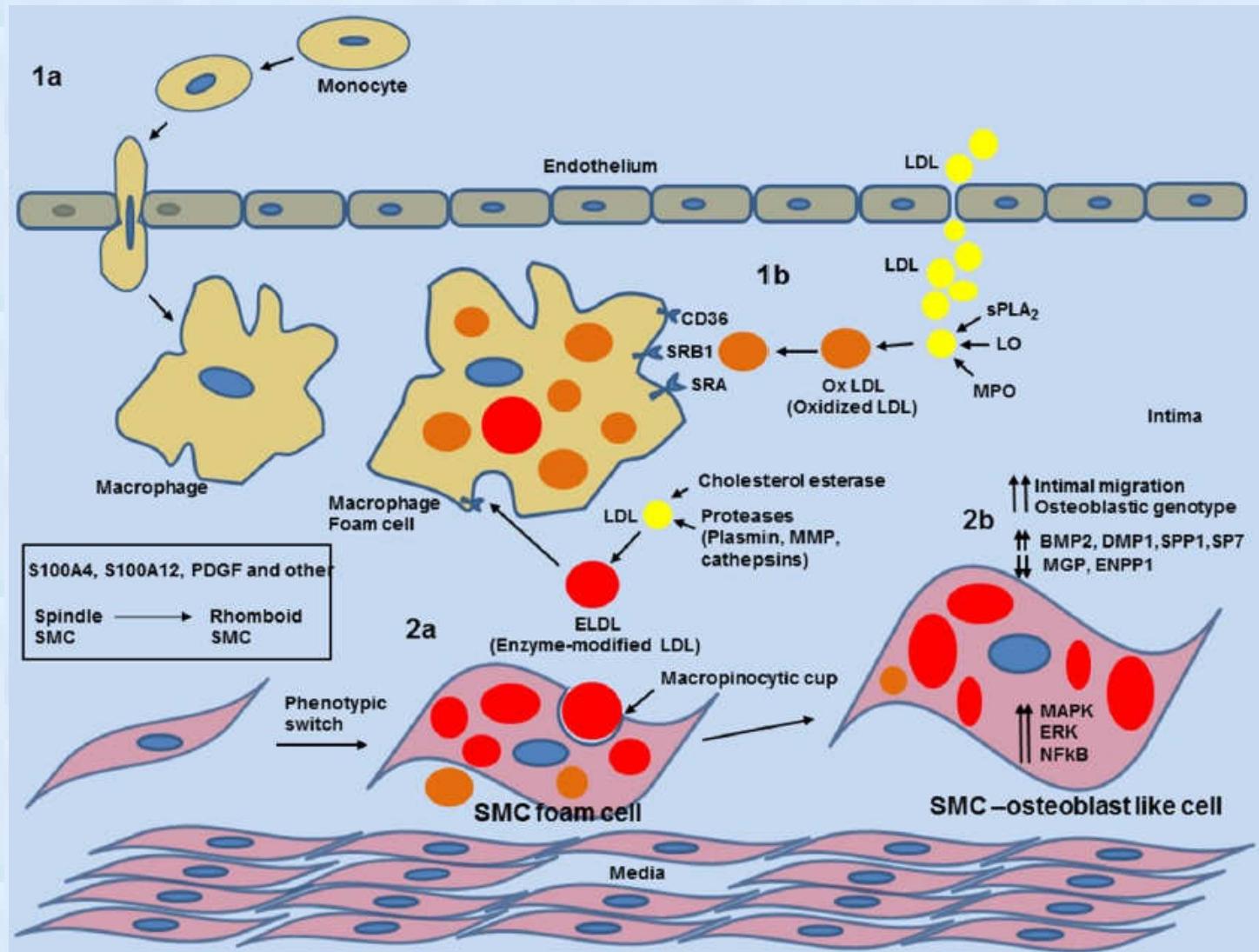
Gas6 – growth arrest-specific protein 6

4 transmembránové proteiny – *proline-rich γ-carboxyglutamyl protein (PRGP) 1 a 2, a transmembrane γ-carboxy glutamyl protein (TMG) 3 and 4*

Ateroskleróza

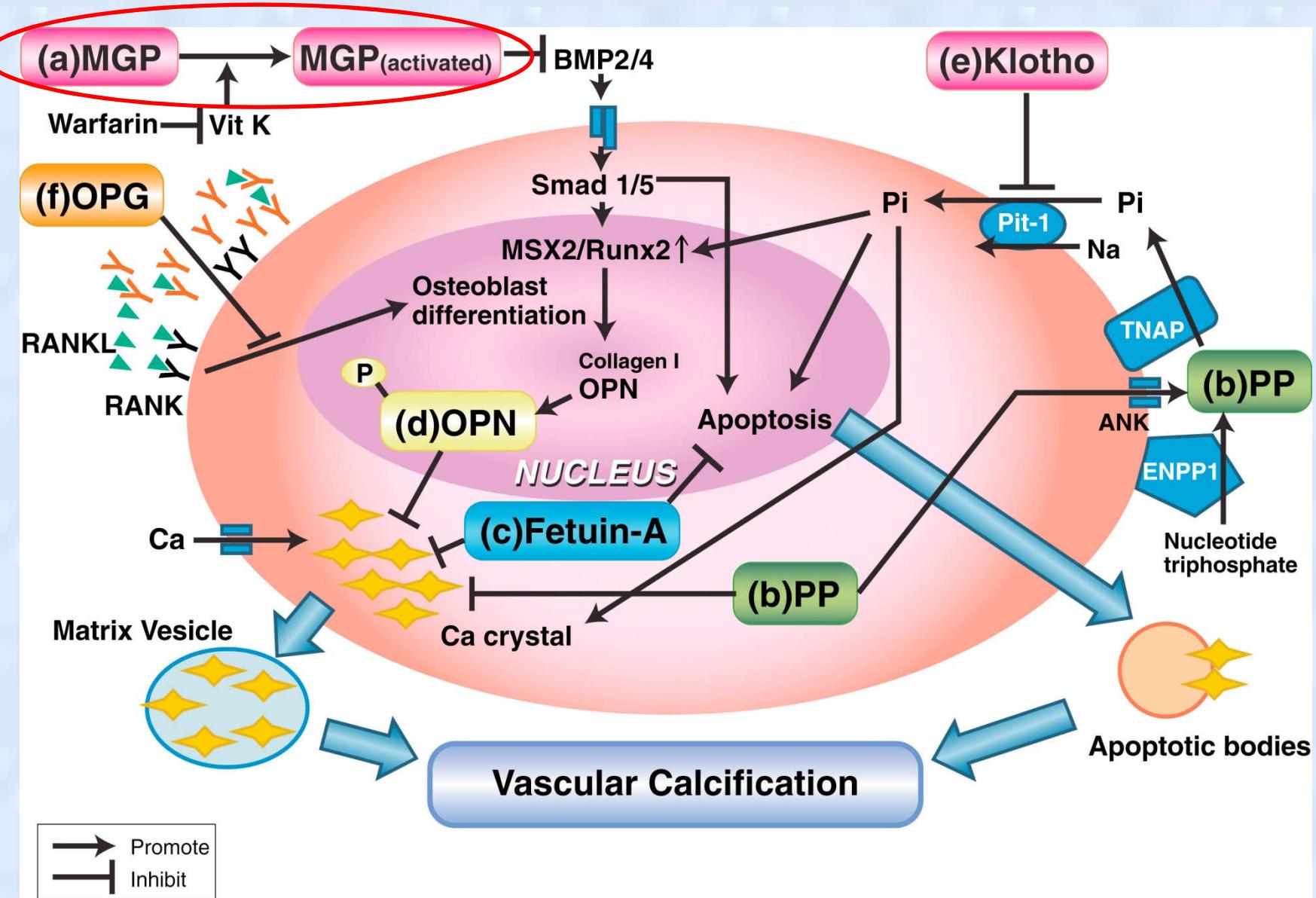


Ateroskleróza



Chellan B et al. 2018

Ateroskleróza

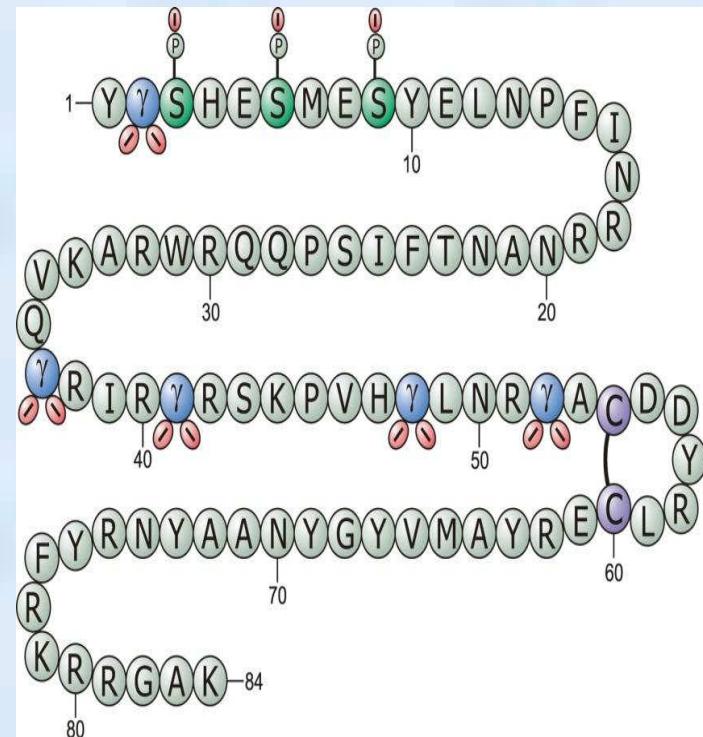


MGP – matrix Gla protein

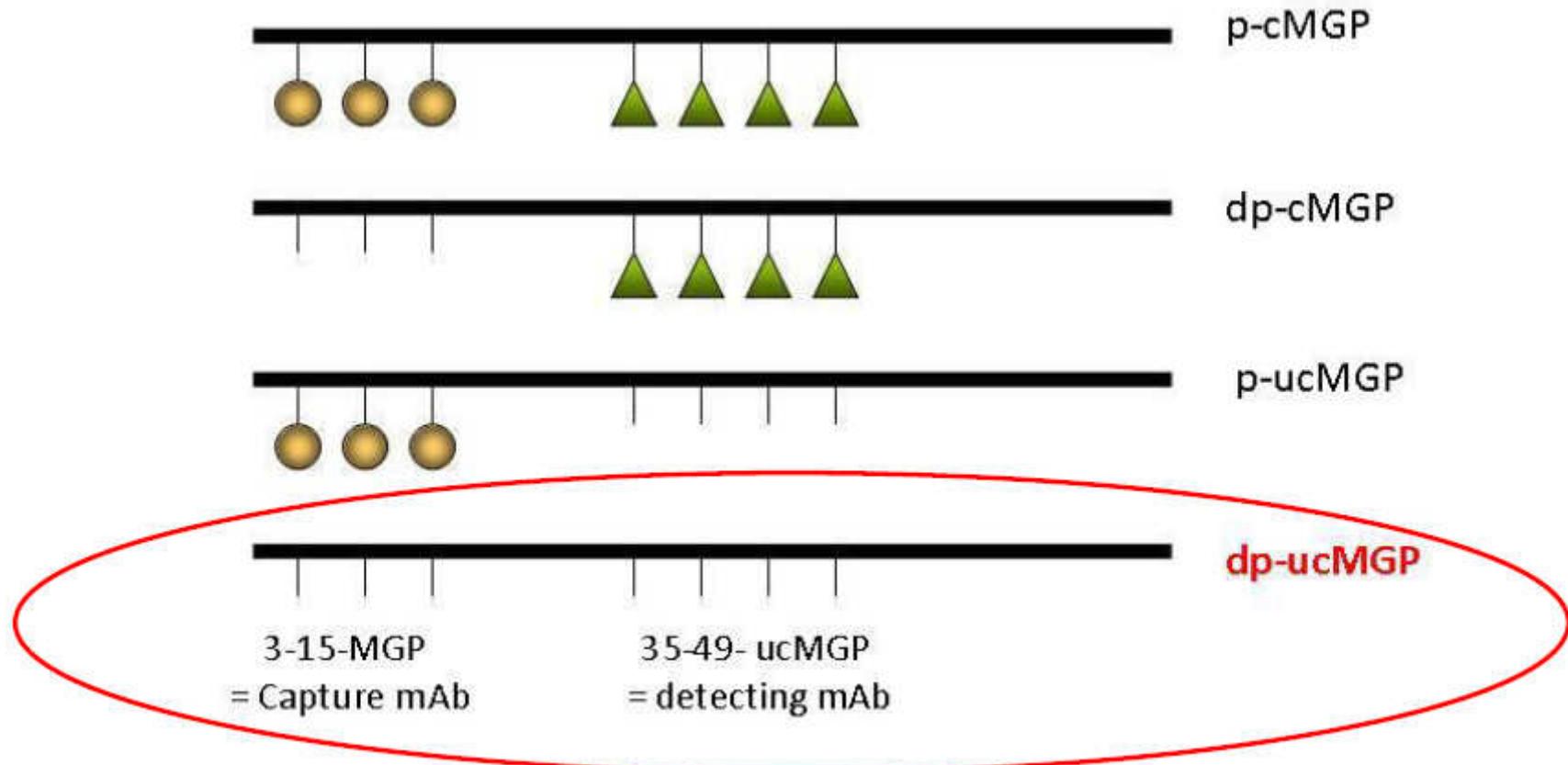
11kD protein, 84 AK

Místo syntézy:
chondrocyty
hladké sv. vl. cévní stěny

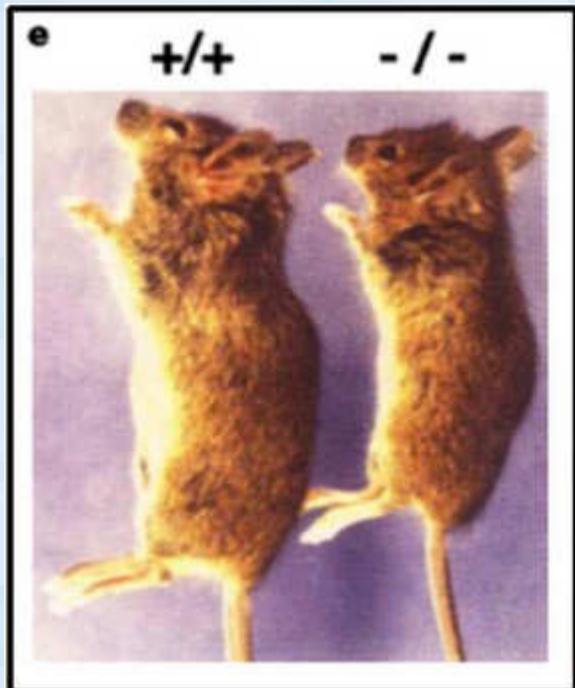
Funkce:
Inhibice kalcifikace



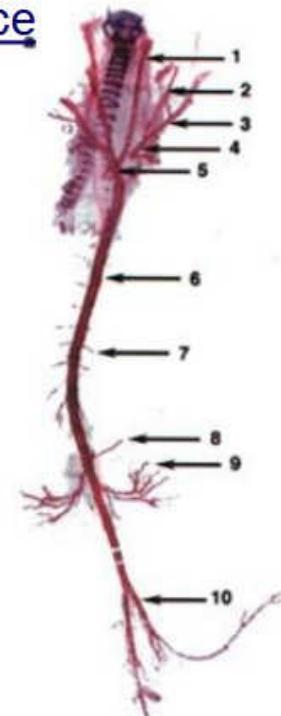
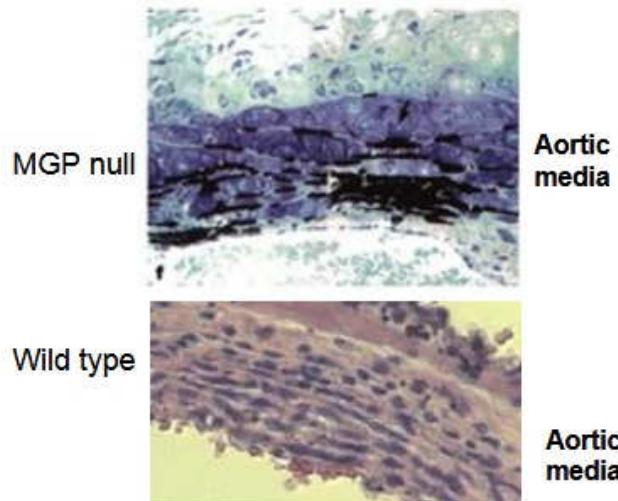
MGP – matrix Gla protein



MGP -/- my \check{s}



Vascular Calcification in MGP Null Mice



Luo et al. Science 1997

Keutel syndrom

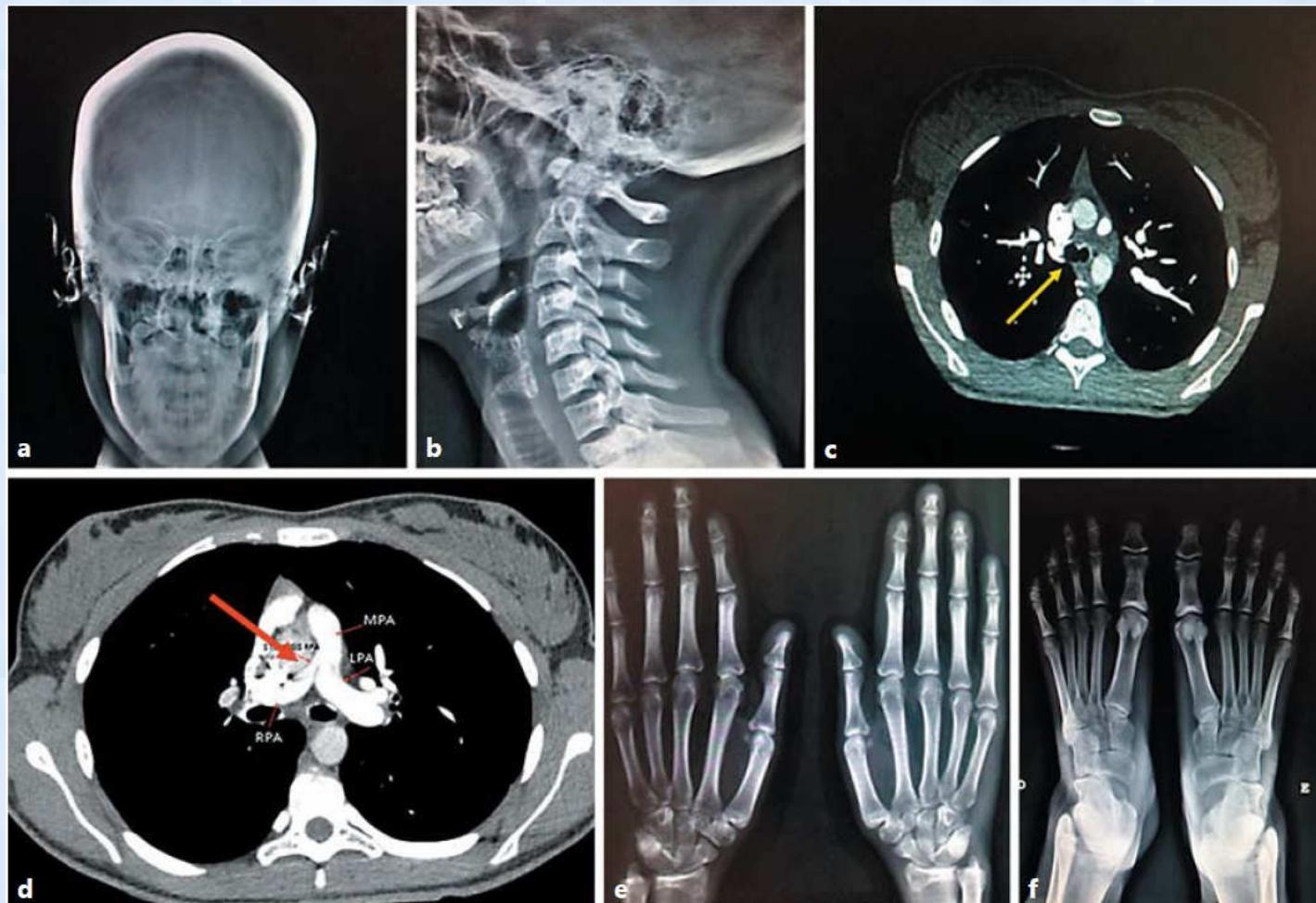
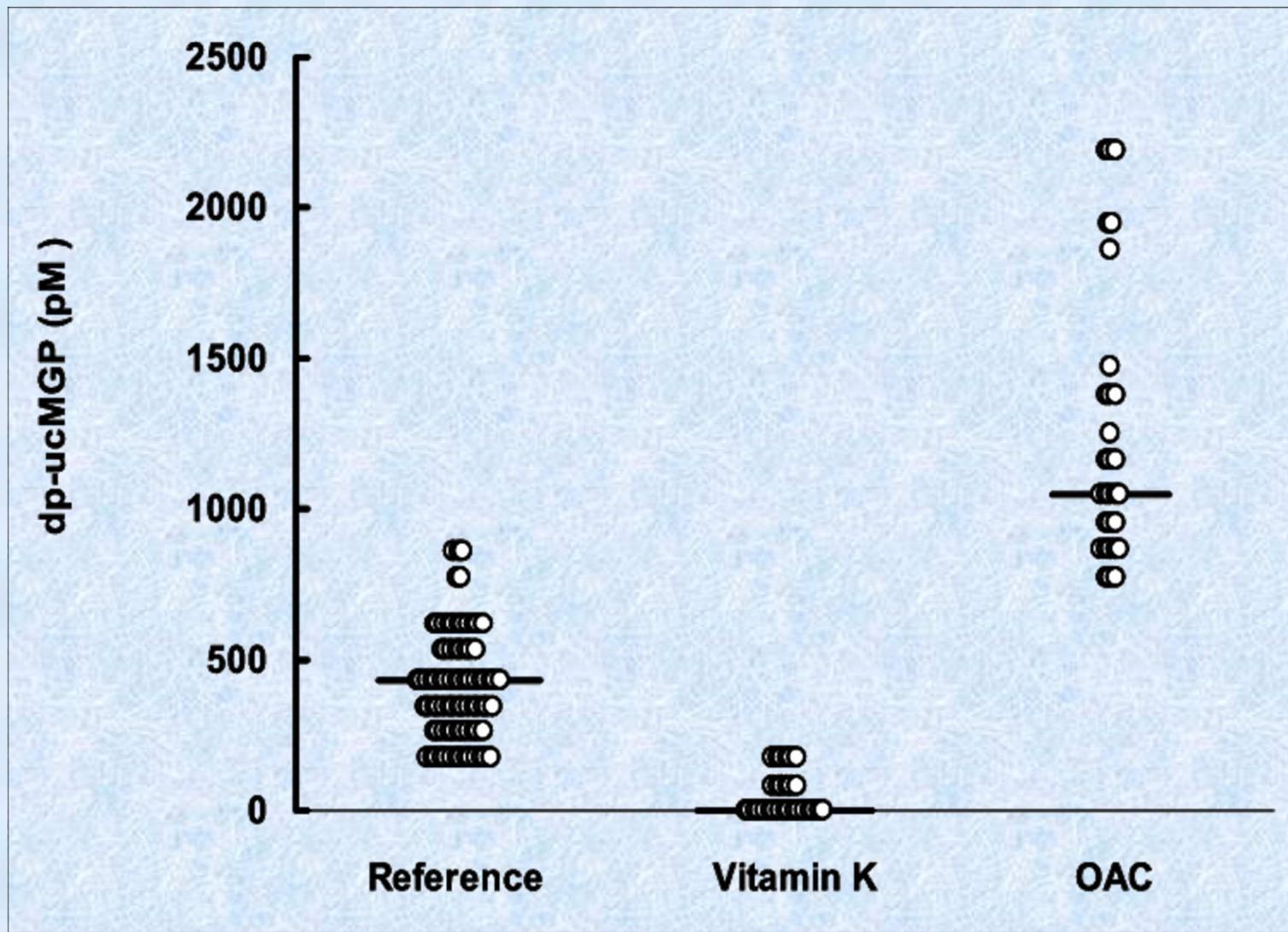


Fig. 1. Radiographs showing features of suspected Keutel syndrome. **a** Cranial thickness and calcifications in the ears. **b** Laryngeal calcifications. **c** Tracheal calcifications revealed by angiotomography (yellow arrow). **d** Right pulmonary artery hypoplasia (red arrow). **e** Shortening of the second, third, and fourth distal phalanges of the hands. **f** Shortening of the second, third, and fourth distal phalanges of the feet. LPA, left pulmonary artery; MPA, main pulmonary artery; RPA, right pulmonary artery.

Vitamín K vs. MGP



Schurgers et al. 2008

Vitamín K v populaci

(PREVEND study)

	All Subjects (<i>n</i> = 4275)	Tertiles of dp-ucMGP			<i>p</i> -Value
		Tertile 1 (<i>n</i> = 1425)	Tertile 2 (<i>n</i> = 1425)	Tertile 3 (<i>n</i> = 1425)	
dp-ucMGP (pmol/L)	372 (221–552)	<275	275–479	≥480	-
Demographics					
Male gender (<i>n</i> , %)	1966 (46.0)	570 (40.0)	669 (46.9)	727 (51.0)	<0.001
Age (years)	53 ± 12	49 ± 11	52 ± 11	59 ± 12	<0.001
Race					0.03
Caucasian (<i>n</i> , %)	4041 (94.5)	1333 (93.5)	1343 (94.2)	1365 (95.8)	
Black (<i>n</i> , %)	42 (1.0)	21 (1.5)	13 (0.9)	8 (0.6)	
Asian (<i>n</i> , %)	100 (2.3)	36 (2.5)	36 (2.5)	28 (2.0)	
Other (<i>n</i> , %)	59 (1.4)	27 (1.9)	21 (1.5)	11 (0.8)	

Vitamín K v populaci

(PREVEND study)

	All Subjects (<i>n</i> = 4275)	Tertiles of dp-ucMGP			<i>p</i> -Value
		Tertile 1 (<i>n</i> = 1425)	Tertile 2 (<i>n</i> = 1425)	Tertile 3 (<i>n</i> = 1425)	
dp-ucMGP (pmol/L)	372 (221–552)	<275	275–479	≥480	-
Demographics					
Male gender (<i>n</i> , %)	1966 (46.0)	570 (40.0)	669 (46.9)	727 (51.0)	<0.001
Age (years)	53 ± 12	49 ± 11	52 ± 11	59 ± 12	<0.001
Race					0.03
Caucasian (<i>n</i> , %)	4041 (94.5)	1333 (93.5)	1343 (94.2)	1365 (95.8)	
Black (<i>n</i> , %)	42 (1.0)	21 (1.5)	13 (0.9)	8 (0.6)	
Asian (<i>n</i> , %)	100 (2.3)	36 (2.5)	36 (2.5)	28 (2.0)	
Other (<i>n</i> , %)	59 (1.4)	27 (1.9)	21 (1.5)	11 (0.8)	

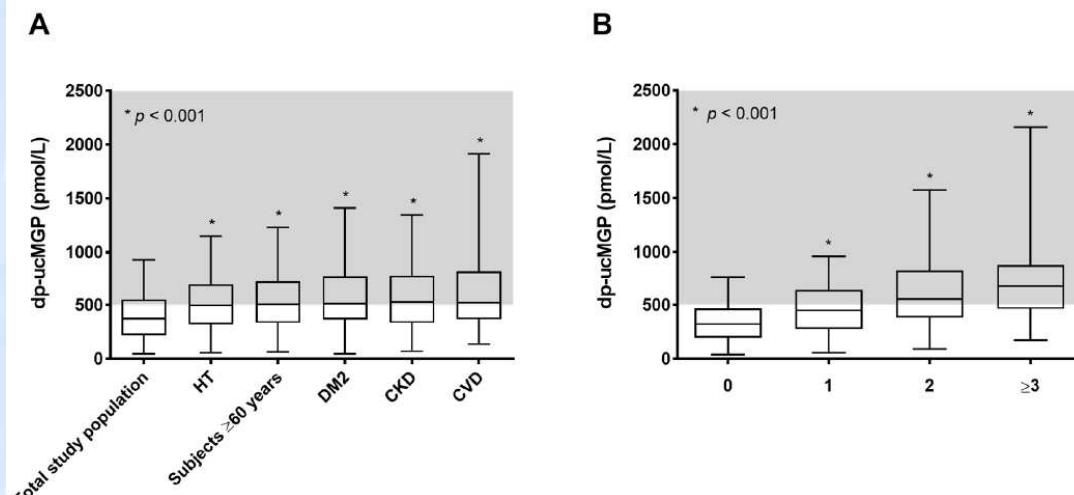
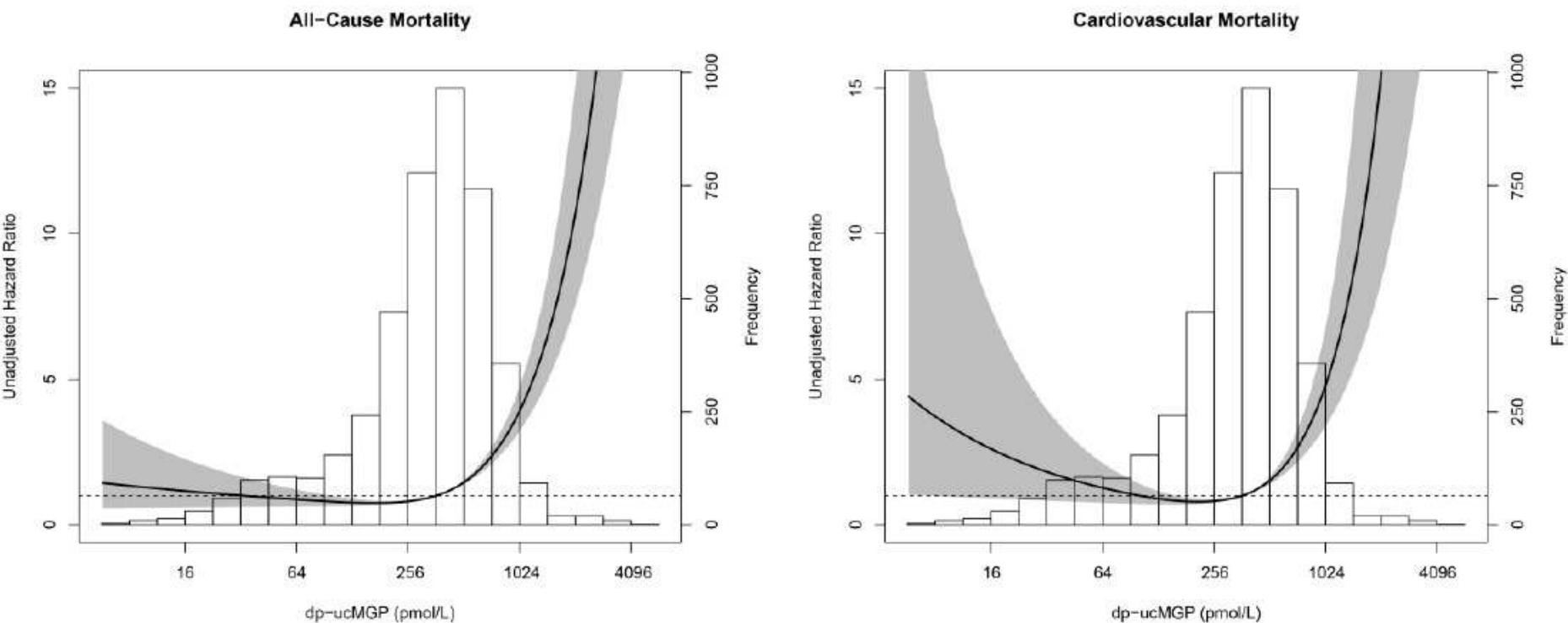


Figure 1. Dp-ucMGP levels in the total study population and for subjects with hypertension (HT), ≥60 years of age, type 2 diabetes (DM2), chronic kidney disease (CKD) and history of cardiovascular disease (CVD) (A); and dp-ucMGP levels according to the number of comorbidities (i.e., HT, DM2, CKD, and/or CVD) (B).

Vitamín K v populaci

(PREVEND study)



Vitamín K u nemocných

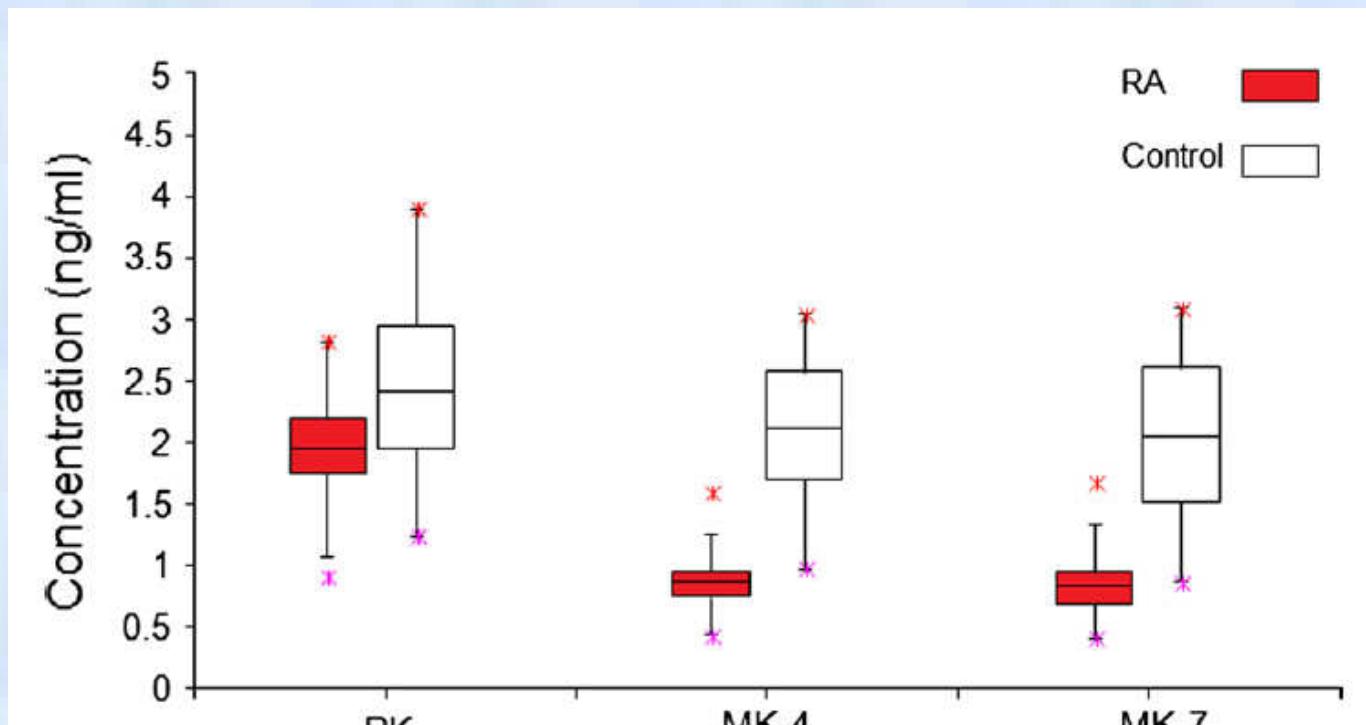
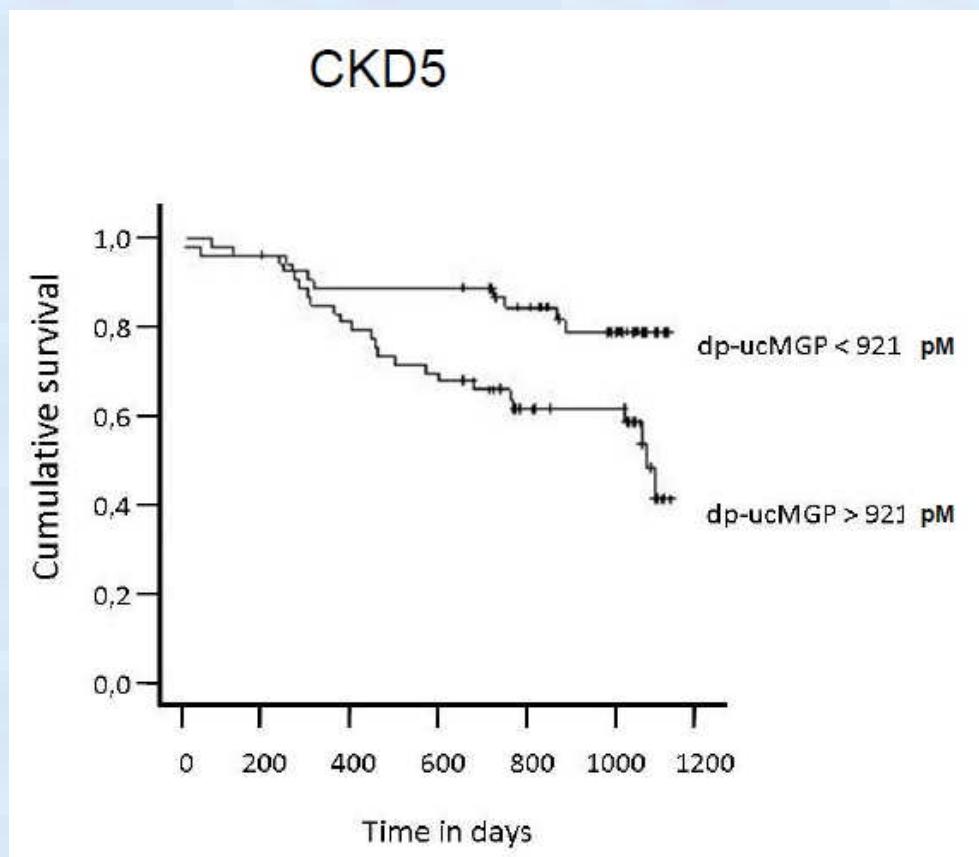
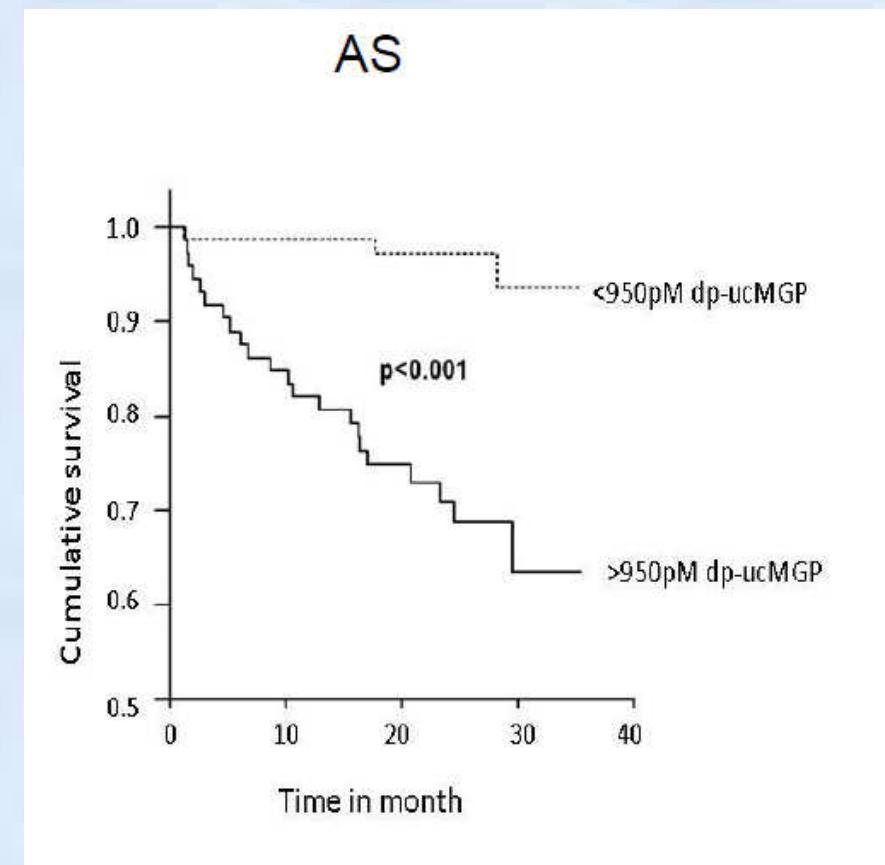


Fig. 2 Box and whisker plot for serum levels of MK-4, MK-7 and PK in RA patient and healthy control groups

Vitamín K – prognostický faktor?

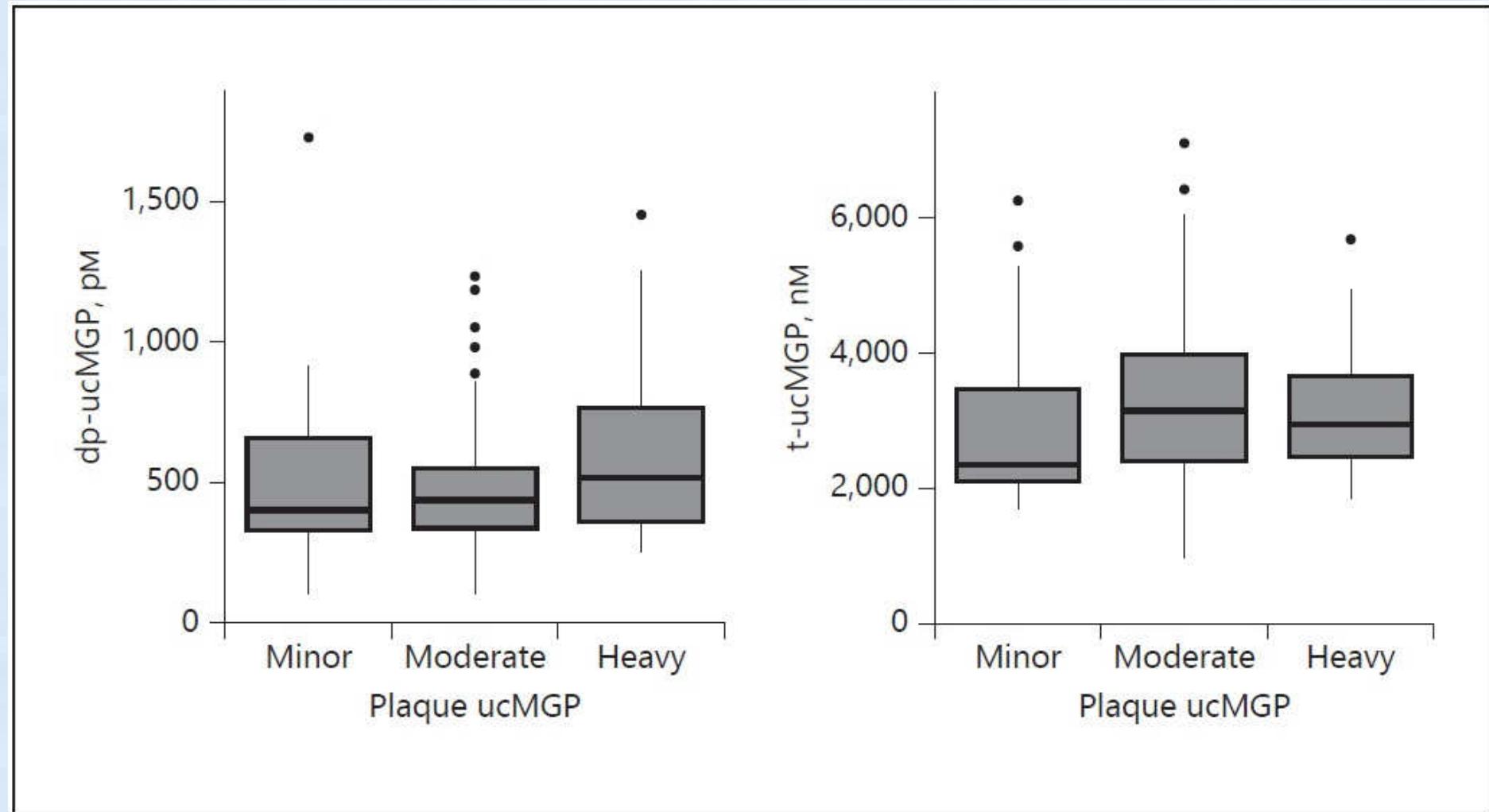


Schurgers LJ et al. 2010

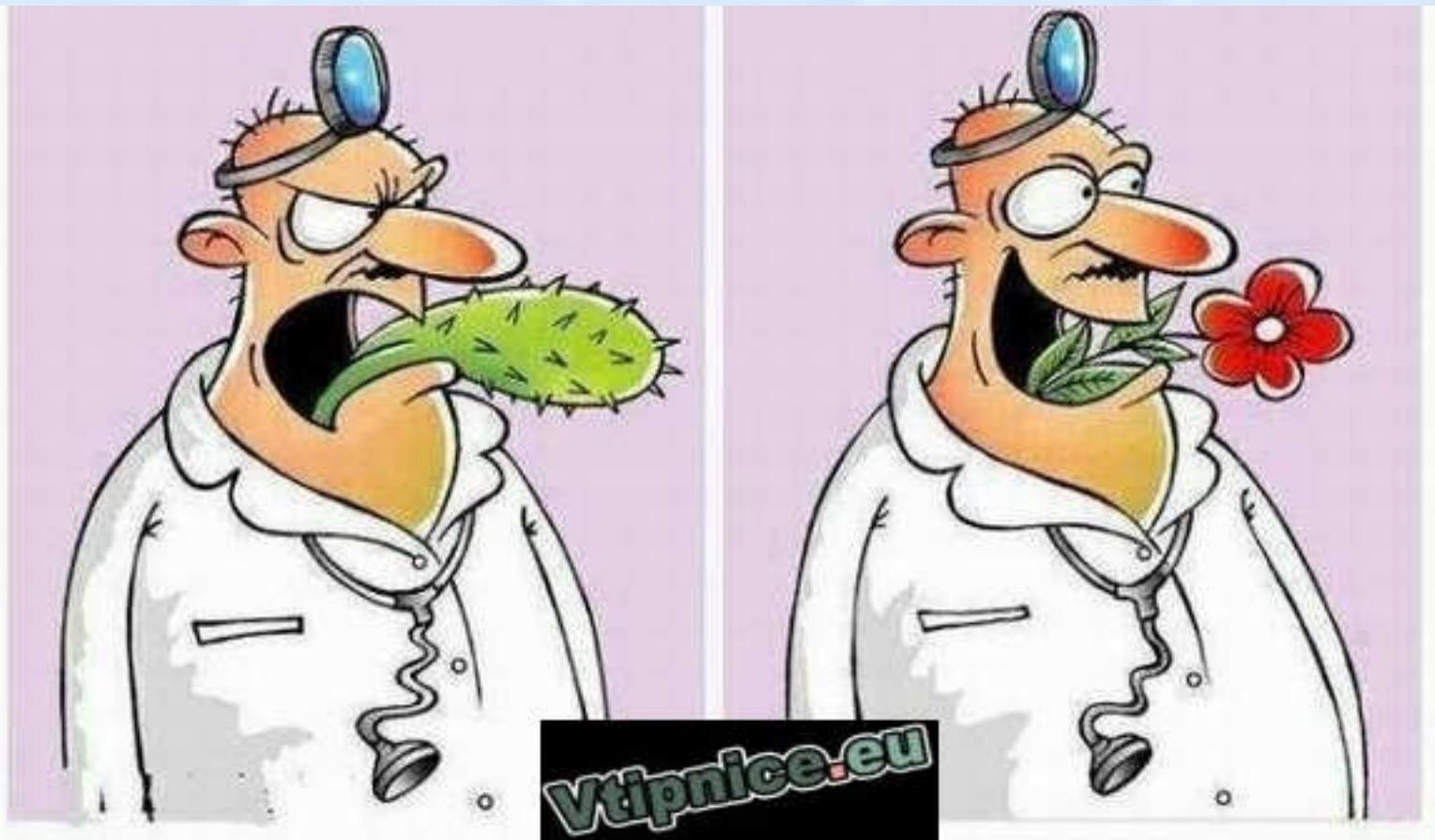


Ueland T et al. 2014

ucMGP plazma vs. atersklerotický pl.



Zwakenberg SR et al. 2018



vtipnice.eu

Závěr

Představuje kalcifikace cév zlo pro lidský organizmus?

Ovlivňuje vitamín K kalcifikaci cév?

Lze podáváním vitamínu K snížit rozsah kalcifikace?

Děkuji za pozornost!

